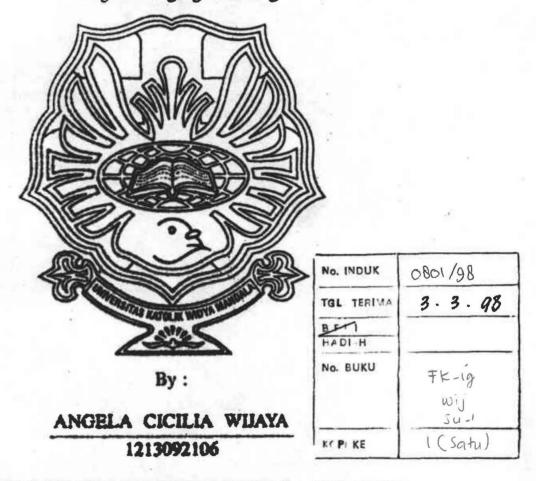
A STUDY OF TWO-WORD UTTERANCES OF TWO TWO-YEAR OLD CHINESE CHILDREN

A THESIS

In Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Sarjana Pendidikan Degree in English Language Teaching



UNIVERSITAS KATOLIK WIDYA MANDALA SURABAYA
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

APPROVAL	SHEET (1)	i
APPROVAL	SHEET (2)	i i
ACKNOWLE	DGEMENTS i	i i
TABLE OF	CONTENTS	i v
ABSTRACT		i x
I. INT	RODUCTION	
1.1	Background of the study	1
1.2	Statement of the problem	4
1.3	Objectives of the study	4
1.4	Significance of the study	5
1.5	Scope and Limitation of the Study	5
1.6	Theoretical framework	6
1.7	Definition of the key terms	9
1.8	Organization of the study	11
II. REV	IEW OF RELATED LITERATURE	
2.1	Related theories	13
	2.1.1 Theory of language acquisition	13
	2.1.1.1 Theory of input hypothesis	17
	2.1.2 Stages of child's language development.	19
	2.1.2.1 Babbling period	19
	2 1 2 2 One-word utterances	21

	2.1.2.3 Two-word utterances	22
	2.1.2.4 Telegraphic speech	22
	2.2 Related study	27
	2.2.1 A study by Halliday, Miyahara and Brown	27
III.	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	
	3.1 The nature of the study	28
	3.2 The research design	28
	3.3 The subject of the study	29
	3.4 The research instrument	29
	3.5 The procedure of data collection	30
	3.6 The procedure of data analysis	30
IV.	DATA, ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS	
	4.1 Findings	33
	4.1.1 Subject I	34
	(a) Subject Omission	34
	(b) Bound morpheme omission	34
	(c) Preposition omission	35
	(d) The semantic relationship findings	37
	(e) The syntactic system findings	44
	4.1.2 Subject II	46
	(a) Subject omission	46
	(b) Bound morpheme omission	47
	(c) Preposition omision	47
	(d) The semantic relationship findings	49

(e) The syntactic system findings	52
4.2 Discussion of Findings	54
(a) Subject omission	54
(b) Bound Morpheme omission	54
(c) Preposition omission	55
(d) The Semantic Relationship	56
(e) The Syntactic System	59
V. CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION	
5.1 Summary	61
5.2 Suggestion	64
LIST OF TABLES	
1. Subject I:	
(a) Tables of telegraphic speech	35
(b) Tables of semantic relationship	41
(c) Table of syntactic system	45
2. Subject II :	
(a) Tables of telegraphic speech	48
(b) Tables of semantic relationship	
(b) tables of bemanute for automorphism in the contract of the	51
(c) Table of syntactic system	51 53

ABSTRACT

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Key Words: acquisition, utterance, telegraphic speech

This thesis deals with the acquisition of children's language during the two-word utterances period. In this period children tend to produce utterances, which are called telegraphic utterances. It means that most of their utterances contain with content words and not the functional words. They omit those functional words.

To support her thesis, the writer provides the theory of language acquisition, the input hypothesis and the theory of telegraphic speech itself. Based on those theories, the writer tried to analyze the omissions happened in two Indonesian children telegraphic speech. The writer also completed her analysis with the analysis of the semantic relationship and the syntactic system that occur in children's two-word utterances.

To collect the data, the writer prepared a tape recorder and casettes to record the children's speech. The writer classified the data based on the telegraphic speech omissions happened.

The results were as follow. The subjects' telegraphic speech had some characteristics; they were the omission of the subject of the utterance, the omission of the bound morpheme and also the omission of the preposition. For the semantic relationship and the syntactic system analysis results can be seen in the tables.

The writer concluded that two years old children did experienced the telegraphic speech period in their two-word utterances phase. In experiencing this period, each child face different cases. It depends on the matuarity of each child to acquire a language.