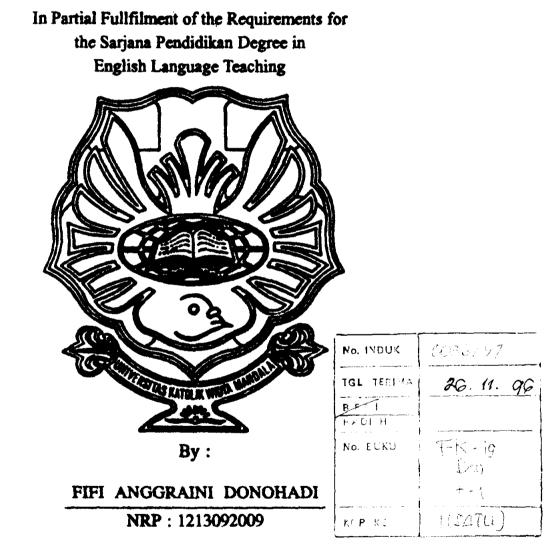
TEACHING LOGICAL RELATIONSHIPS BY RECOGNIZING COHESIVE DEVICES AND ANALYZING COHESIVE CHAINS IN ORDER TO HELP SMU STUDENTS COMPREHEND READING TEXTS

A THESIS



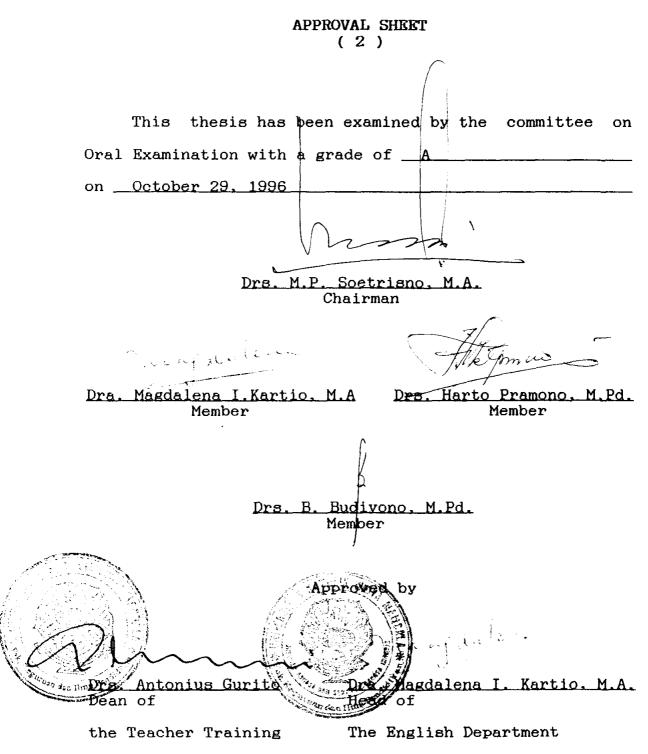
UNIVERSITAS KATOLIK WIDYA MANDALA SURABAYA FAKULTAS KEGURUAN DAN ILMU PENDIDIKAN JURUSAN PENDIDIKAN BAHASA DAN SENI PROGRAM STUDI PENDIDIKAN BAHASA INGGRIS OCTOBER, 1996

APPROVAL SHEET (1)

This thesis entitled <u>TEACHING LOGICAL RELATIONSHIPS</u> BY RECOGNIZING COHESIVE DEVICES AND ANALYZING COHESIVE CHAINS IN ORDER TO HELP SMU STUDENTS COMPREHEND READING TEXTS

and prepared and submitted by <u>Fifi Anggraini Donohadi</u> has been approved and accepted as partial fulfilment of the requirements for the Sarjana Pendidikan degree in English Language Teaching by the following advisor.

First Advisor



College

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The writer would like to thank God for giving her an opportunity to study in the English Department of Widya Mandala University and for giving her such kind and good teachers to guide and teach her so far.

Her thanks also go to the lecturers of the English Department of Widya Mandala University, who have patiently guided and taught her during her studies in this Department.

The writer deeply expresses her sincere thanks to Drs. B. Budiyono for his patient guidance and his valuable suggestions in writing this thesis.

Without his kind help, the writer is sure that this thesis will not appear in its present form.

The writer

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ABSTRACT

Following the development of English teaching in Indonesian SMUs, the foremost and ultimate goal of teaching English at the SMU is to enable students to read English texts. To get this reading ability, SMU students should be trained accordingly during their school years. But in reality many English teachers focus their lessons too much on structures, not on reading for meaning. In teaching reading for meaning, one of the most important a teacher should remember is things \mathtt{that} tohelp the students toidentify the logical relationships by recognizing cohesive devices and analyzing cohesive chains. They are very important because they connect words, phrases, sentences, paragraphs to one another, 80 they make a meaningfully unified reading This text. thesis is intended to deal with the reading comprehension skills, logical relationships, cohesion and to propose steps and techniques in teaching reading through identifying the logical relationships.

reading you are anxiously to The improve is the reading you must do to get information. Since the purpose most reading is to get information, then of successful reading is measured by the amount of information vou actually get. This is called reading with comprehension. There are three levels of comprehension, they are: comprehension, interpretive literal comprehension, and creative comprehension. To improve the reading comprehension, there are twelve reading comprehension They are: finding the general idea, skills. recognizing signals, reading critically, remembering reading facts, recalling sequence, drawing conclusions, determining cause, evaluating a text, evaluating an author's techniques, recognizing definitions and examples, recognizing headings and subheadings, and outlining.

students have The to develop all the reading skills by identifying the comprehension logical There are 23 logical relationships, relationships. they generalization, interpretation, are: comparison, contrast, definition, inference, exemplification, causesummary, effect, related action, conclusion, amplification, evaluation, restatement, result, alternative, evidence, illustration, answer, parallel idea, related idea, specification, and question. To be able to identify the logical relationships, they have to recognize the cohesive devices and analyze the cohesive chains.

devices as the phenomena of cohesion are Cohesive that cause components surface elements to show sequential progressive occurences 80 that their is maintained. There are 22 types of connectivity cohesive devices. They are: repetition of key words, use article 'the', use of a personal pronoun 88 а of the substitute use of a possesive pronoun, use of a word, demonstrative with a noun, use of a demonstrative AB а substitute for several words or an entire sentence. use of demonstrative with another substitute word which a summarises material in the previuos describes or construction sentence, a proper name followed by a named, identifying the person or thing of use conjunction. use of conjunctive adverbs, use of an use of prepositional phrases, use of synonym adverb, to avoid repetition, use of an expression with a slight change of wording to avoid repetition, repetition of the word different form, repetition same in a of а construction but with a change from singular to plural or from plural to singular, part of expression an substituting for the whole, parallel structure, the name a place followed by the name of the people belonging of to that place, construction showing class-member a relationship, construction showing whole-part а relationship, and semantic connections.

Besides recognizing the cohesive devices. the students have to analyze the cohesive chains. There are four types of cohesive chains, namely: referential chain, chain of ellipsis and substitution, conjunctive chain. and lexical chain. Referential chain is divided into the participant the circumstantial chain, chain. and theprocess chain. The chain of ellipsis and substitution is not divided into another types. The conjunctive chain is divided into the spatial chain, the temporal chain, the cause-effect chain, and the chain of analysis. The lexical chain is divided into comparison-contrast, definition, and generalization.

In order to be able to comprehend the text easily, the students have to pay attention to the cohesive devices and the cohesive chains while they are reading the text. All of the cohesive devices and cohesive chains will help them to be able to identify the logical relationships and do the reading comprehension skill easily. For the first quarter students of exercises the first year of SMU are suggested to know the types of cohesive devices, cohesive chains, and the logical relationships. The SMU teachers have to teach them only the ones and it increases simple according to their levels. At last, it is hoped that this thesis will be useful for SMU teachers to help their students comprehend reading texts easily and successfully.