THE COMPARISON BETWEEN THE EFFECTS OF USING TOTAL PHYSICAL RESPONSE WITH PICTURES AND TRANSLATION ON GRADE TWO STUDENTS' VOCABULARY ACHIEVEMENT

A THESIS

In Partial Fulfilment of the Requirement
For The Sarjana Pendidikan Degree in
Faculty of Teacher Training and Education



Written By:
Niluh Putu Puri P. S.
1213010034

ENGLISH EDUCATION STUDY PROGRAM
FACULTY OF TEACHER TRAINING AND EDUCATION
WIDYA MANDALA CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY
SURABAYA

2015

APPROVAL SHEET

(I)

This thesis entitled "The Comparison between the Effect of Using Total Physical Response with Pictures and Translation on Grade Two Students' Vocabulary Achievement" conducted and submitted by Niluh Putu Puri Palupi Sukenasa (1213010034) has been approved and accepted as a partial fulfillment for Sarjana Pendidikan Degree by the following advisors:

Dra. Susana Teopilus, M.Pd

Dr./Ruruh Mindari, M. Pd

APPROVAL SHEET

(II)

This thesis has been examined by the committee on an Oral Examination with grade _____ on 6th July 2015

Prof. Or. Veronica L. Diptoadi, M.Sc.

Chairperson

Dr. V. Luluk Prijambodo, M.Pd.

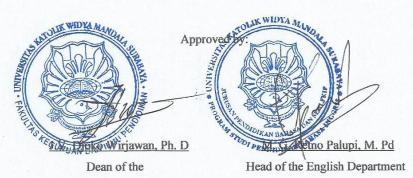
Secretary

Dra. Susana Teopilus, M.Pd

Member

Dr. Ruruh Mindari, M.Pd

Member



Teacher Training and Education Faculty

SURAT PERNYATAAN PERSETUJUAN PUBLIKASI KARYA ILMIAH

Demi perkembangan Ilmu pengetahuan, saya sebagai mahasiswa Universitas Katolik Widya Mandala Surabaya:

Nama : Niluh Putu Puri Palupi Sukenasa

Nomor Pokok : 1213010034

Program Studi Pendidikan: Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

Jurusan : Jurusan Pendidikan Bahasa dan Seni Fakultas : Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan

Tanggal Lulus : 6 Juli 2015

Dengan ini SETUJU/FIDAK SETUJU*) Skripsi atau Karya Ilmiah saya, judul:

The Comparison between the Effects of Using Total Physical Response with Pictures and Translation on Grade Two Students' Vocabulary Achievement

Untuk dipublikasikan/ditampilkan di internet atau media lain (Digital Library Perpustakaan Widya Mandala Surabaya) untuk kepentingan akademik sebatas sesuai Undang-Undang Hak Cipta yang berlaku.

Demikian surat pernyataan SETUJU/TIDAK SETUJU*) publikasi Karya Ilmiah ini saya buat dengan sebenarnya.

Surabaya, 23 Juli 2015 Yang menyatakan,

Niluh Putu Puri P. S.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Approval Sheet (I)	i
Approval Sheet (II)	ii
Acknowledgements	iv
Table of Contents	vi
List of Tables	xii
Abstract	xiii
CHAPTER I: INTRODUCTION	
1.1 Background of the Study	1
1.2 Statement of the Problem	2
1.3 Objective of the Study	3
1.4 The Significance of the Study	3
1.5 Theoretical Framework	3
1.6 Hypotheses	4
1.7 Scope and Limitation of the Study	4
1.8 Definition of Key-Terms	5
1.9 The Organization of the Study	6
CHAPTER II: REVIEW OF RELATED LITERAT	URE
2.1 Young Children Characteristics	7
2.2 Teaching Vocabulary to Children	8
2.3 Pictures	9
2.3.1 Advantages of Using Pictures	10
2.4 Total Physical Response Method	11
2.4.1 Advantages and Disadvantages of Using Total Ph	nysical
Response Method.	13

2.4.2 Teaching Vocabulary using Pictures wi	th Total Physical
Response Method	
2.5 Translation Method	16
2.5.1 Advantages and Disadvantages of Usin	ng Translation
Method	16
2.5.2 Teaching Vocabulary Using Translation	n Method 17
2.6 Review of Some Related Studies	18
CHAPTER III: RESEARCH METHODOI	OGY
3.1 Research Design	20
3.1.1 Population and Sample	21
3.1.2 Variables.	22
3.1.3 Treatments	23
3.2 Research Instrument	26
3.2.1 Try Out of the Instrument	27
3.2.1.1 Item Validity	27
3.2.1.2 Item Reliability	29
3.2.1.3 Item Analysis	30
3.2.1.4 Item Difficulty	30
3.2.1.5 Item Discrimination	32
3.3 Data Collection Procedures	
3.4 Data Analysis Technique	
CHAPTER IV: FINDINGS AND DISCUSS	SION
4.1 Data Analysis	37
4.2 Findings and Discussion	30

CHAPTER V: CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION	
5.1 Conclusion	41
5.2 Suggestions	42
5.2.1 Suggestion for English Teacher	43
5.2.2 Recommendation for Further Research	43
BIBLIOGRAPHY	45

APPENDIXES

Appendix 1: Mid-Term Test Score47
Appendix 2: Data Analysis of Mid-Term Test Score48
Appendix 3: The Try Out Test, the Script and the Answer Key49
Appendix 4: The Reliability of the Try out Test Part A55
Appendix 5: The Reliability of the Try out Test Part B56
Appendix 6: The Reliability of the Try out Test Part C57
Appendix 7: The Difficulty Index and the Discrimination Power of
The Try out Test Part A58
Appendix 8: The Difficulty Index and the Discrimination Power of
The Try out Test Part B60
Appendix 9: The Difficulty Index and the Discrimination Power of
The Try out Test Part C62
Appendix 10: The Pretest-Posttest, the Script and
the Answer Key64
Appendix 11: Lesson Plan of the Experimental Group,
1 st Treatment69
Appendix 12: Lesson Plan of the Experimental Group,
2 nd Treatment80
Appendix 13: Lesson Plan of the Experimental Group,
3 rd Treatment91
Appendix 14: Lesson Plan of the Experimental Group, 4 th
Treatment102
Appendix 15: Lesson Plan of the Experimental Group,
5 th Treatment113
Appendix 16: Lesson Plan of the Control Group,
1 st Treatment124

Appendix 17:	Lesson Plan of the Control Group,
	2 nd Treatment
Appendix 18:	Lesson Plan of the Control Group,
	3 rd Treatment
Appendix 19:	Lesson Plan of the Control Group,
	4 th Treatment145
Appendix 20:	Lesson Plan of the Control Group,
	5 th Treatment
Appendix 21:	Students' Exercise and Answer Key of
	Experimental Group and Control Group,
	1 st Treatment
Appendix 22:	Students' Exercise and Answer Key of
	Experimental Group and Control Group,
	2 nd Treatment
Appendix 23:	Students' Exercise and Answer Key of
	Experimental Group and Control Group,
	3 rd Treatment
Appendix 24:	Students' Exercise and Answer Key of
	Experimental Group and Control Group,
	4 th Treatment165
Appendix 25:	Students' Exercise and Answer Key of
	Experimental Group and Control Group,
	5 th Treatment167
Appendix 26:	Students' Scores of Experimental Group,
	Pretest-Exercise of Each Treatments-Posttest169
Appendix 27:	Students' Scores of Control Group,
	Pretest-Exercise of Each Treatments-Posttest170

Appendix 28:	The Gain between the Mean of Pretest	
	and Posttest Scores	.171
Appendix 29:	The Calculation of the Mean of the Gain Scores	
	and The Standard Deviation of the Experimental	
	Group and Control Group	.172

LIST OF TABLES

Table 3.1: The Research Design	21
Table 3.2: The Types of Variables	23
Table 3.3: The Treatments of the Experimental	
and Control Group	23
Table 3.4: The Schedule of the Treatment	25
Table 3.5: The Content Validity	28
Figure 3.6: The Formula of KR-21	29
Table 3.7: The Criteria of KR-21	30
Figure 3.8: The Difficulty Formula	31
Table 3.9: The Criteria of the Difficulty Level	31
Figure 3.10: The Discrimination Power Formula	32
Table 3.11: The Criteria of Item Discrimination	32
Figure 3.12: The Mean Formula.	35
Figure 3.13: The Standard Deviation Formula	35
Figure 3.14: The t-observation Formula.	36
Table 4.1: The Gain between the Mean of Pretest	
and Posttest Scores.	38

ABSTRACT

Sukenasa, Niluh Putu Puri Palupi. 2015. The Comparison between the Effects of Using Total Physical Response with Pictures and Translation on Grade Two Students' Vocabulary Achievement. Surabaya: The English Department of Widya Mandala Catholic University Surabaya.

Advisors: Dra. Susana Teopilus, M.Pd and Dr. Ruruh Mindari, M.Pd

Key Terms: Vocabulary, Total Physical Response Method, Translation Method

There are three language components that are important in learning English, namely vocabulary, pronunciation and grammar. As one of the components of language proficiency, vocabulary plays an important role in developing the language skills. Therefore, many English teachers introduce vocabularies as early as possible. However, teaching young learners is not easy. Young learners usually get bored in learning and they cannot sit quietly. For English teachers, selecting an appropriate method to teach young learners is important. Teachers must provide enjoyable and interesting activities that can motivate young learners in learning English.

Considering the problem above, the writer conducted a study about teaching vocabulary by using Total Physical Response method with Pictures and Translation method. The objective of the study is to find out whether the Total Physical Response method with pictures is effective to teach vocabulary to the second grade students of elementary school. In conducting the experiment, the writer used two classes of the second grade students of elementary school outside Surabaya, belonging to the school year of 2014-2015. The research instrument used in this study a vocabulary test consisting of 25 items. There are three parts of the vocabulary test. The first part consists of 5 items in the form of multiple choices. The second part consists of 10 items in the form of matching pictures with the words. The last part consists of 10 items in the form of filling in the blanks. The test was administered in 35 minutes. Before conducting the treatments, the writer administered a pretest to the two groups. After five meetings of the treatment, the posttest was administered to both groups.

Then, the writer compared the pretest and the posttest scores of the experimental and the control group. The writer analyzed the mean of the gain scores of the two groups using the t-test. The result showed that there

was a significant difference between the mean score of the experimental group and that of the control group. It can be concluded that the second grade students taught by using Total Physical Response method with pictures showed higher vocabulary achievement than those taught by using Translation method.